ROLL NO.



# INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT MIDDLE SECTION HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION 2022 – 23 SUBJECT – SOCIAL SCIENCE



Code: MYSS06 Time Allotted: 2 ½ hrs Max .Marks: 80

1

CLASS - VII 15.09.2022

General Instructions.

- 1. The question paper comprises of two sections A& B. You have to attempt all the sections.
- 2. All the questions are **compulsory.**
- 3. All the answers should be written in the **answer sheet** provided only.
- 4. Maps should be tied at the end.

#### SECTION 'A' – ( '1' MARK EACH ) – TOTAL – 25 MARKS Marks

#### Q.NO

### (1) FILL IN THE BLANKS WITH APPROPRIATE ANSWER:

- (a) Delhi first became a capital of a kingdom under the \_\_\_\_\_ Rajputs.
- (b) \_\_\_\_\_ wrote an account of the Indian sub-continent known as the Kitab-ul Hind.
- (c) Plant and animal kingdom together make up the \_\_\_\_\_\_. 1
- (d) The raised banks of the river due to its overflowing are called \_\_\_\_\_ 1

## (2) MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS:

(a)	The professionals who copy down the manuscripts.		
	i. historians ii. scribes iii. archaeologists iv. chroniclers		
(b)	He built the town of Thanjavur.	1	
	i. Rajendra I ii. Rajaraja I iii. Prantaka iv. Vijayalaya		
(c)	This Mughal Emperor spent his last days in prison.	1	
	i. Shah Jahan i. Babur iii. Aurangzeb iv. Jahangir		
(d)	This Sultan ascended the throne of Delhi after Iltutmish in 1236 AD	1	
	i. Razzyia ii. Balban iii. Firuz Shah Tughluq iv. Bahlul Lodi		
(e)	The residence of the Mughals for many generations.	1	
	i. Humayun's Tomb ii. Taj Mahal iii. Red Fort iv. Fatehpur Sikri		

(f)	The first state in India to introduce the mid-day meal scheme.		
	i. Maharashtra ii. Tamilnadu iii. Bihar iv. Assam		
(g)	Large loess deposits are found in this country.	1	
	i. Brazil ii. Indonesia iii. Spain iv. China		
(h)	The Deccan Plateau is made up of this rock.	1	
	i. Basalt ii. Granite iii. Limestone iv. Marble		
(i)	The ruler of Iran who gave refuge to Humayun.	1	
	i. Mirza Hakim ii. Muhammad Ghori iii. Sultan Mahmud iv. Safavid Shah		
(2)		$1 \times 1 - 1$	

#### (3) MATCH THE FOLLOWING:

1x4=4

Marks

Q.	COLUMN - A		COLUMN- B	RESPONSES
(a)	Sandstone	i	Steep rocky coast	(a)
(b)	Sayyid dynasty founder	ii	Om Prakash Valmiki	(b)
(C)	Sea Cliff	iii	Quartzite	(c)
(d)	Joothan	ii	Khyzr Khan	(d)

### (4) **NAME THE FOLLOWING**:

(a)	The knowledge of these texts earned the Brahmanas a lot of respect in society.	1
(b)	The thinnest layer of the earth with only 1% of the earth's volume.	1
(c)	The elite slaves who were raised by the Khalji and Tughlaq Sultans.	1
(d)	Television or Radio programme that is widely transmitted.	1
(5)	STATE WHETHER THE STATEMENT IS TRUE / FALSE:	
(-)		
(a)	The Governor of a state is appointed by the State government itself.	1
		1 1
(a)	The Governor of a state is appointed by the State government itself.	1 1 1
(a) (b)	The Governor of a state is appointed by the State government itself. The sedimentary rocks contain fossils.	1 1 1 1

# Q.NO

# <u>SECTION 'B' – ( '1' MARKS EACH ) – TOTAL – 13 MARKS</u>

- (6) 'We all know that there is a thin layer of air that surrounds the Earth'-Identify this layer. 1
- (7) In a democratic country when the central government is formed by a ruling party which
  1 is a not a single party but a group of parties forming the government together, what kind

of a government is it called?

(8)	'It is impossible to reach to the centre of the earth'- Justify the truth of the statement.	1
(9)	Name the two parties (dynasties) who fought for the control of Kanauj for centuries,	1
	other than the Rashtrakutas.	I
(10)	Why did queen Rudramadevi change her name on the inscriptions?	1
(11)	Who is the head of the executive organ of the state government?	1
(12)	What was the language of administration under the Delhi sultans?	1
(13)	In television we often come across the advertisement: "educate the girl child- beti	
	padhao, beti bachao". This advertisement has a larger message to convey to the	1
	people. What kind of advertisement is it?	
(14)	Define : A Floodplain	1
(15)	Throw light on the term 'Dalit'.	1
(16)	How does a river form a waterfall?	1
(17)	Name the Persian translation of the Sanskrit epic Mahabharata.	1
(18)	What is meant by – Civil Rights Movement?	1
Q.NO	<u>SECTION 'B' – ( '3' MARKS EACH ) – TOTAL – 21 MARKS</u>	Marks
(19)	How did the Rashtrakutas become powerful?	3
(20)	Write a short note on the formation of intrusive igneous rocks. Name the metamorphic	3
	rock which is formed from the intrusive rock granite.	
(21)	Explain(in three steps) how Sultan Ghiasuddin Balban consolidated Delhi under him.	3
(22)	How does the media set the agenda?	3
(23)	Differentiate between Endogenic and Exogenic forces	3
(24)	Assess the provisions of the Indian Constitution which recognize equality.	3
(25)	Write a short note on the Mughal revenue system Zabt.	3
Q.NO	SECTION 'B'- ( '5' MARK) - TOTAL - 20 MARKS	Marks
(26)	Enumerate the advantages of the mid-day meal programme.	5
(27)	a) Enlist the significant changes brought about by Alauddin Khalji in his administration.	
	OR b) State the problems faced by the Delhi Sultans by promoting people of humble origin.	5

(28)	a)	Explain the two processes which continuously wear away the landscape. OR	5
	b)	Discuss the process of formation of the following: a meander and an ox-bow lake.	U
(29)	,	Why did the Mughals prefer their Timurid descent over their Mongol descent? OR Write about the unique features of Akbar's Mansabdari system.	5

# (30) ON THE GIVEN OUTLINE MAP OF INDIA SHADE/ MARK, AND NAME THE FOLLOWING:

(a)	The territory of the Rashtrakutas. (shade with any colour)	1⁄2
(b)	Capital of the Cholas.	1⁄2